

# PM100CSE060

## **FLAT-BASE TYPE INSULATED PACKAGE**

PM100CSE060



## FEATURE

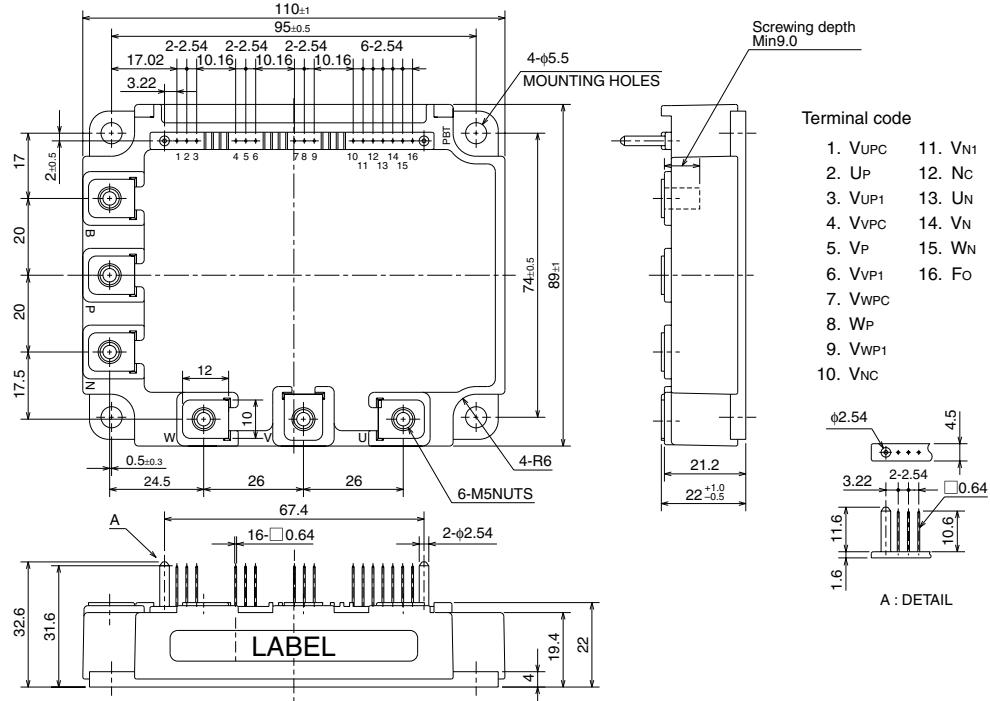
- a) Adopting new 4th generation planar IGBT chip, which performance is improved by  $1\mu\text{m}$  fine rule process.  
For example, typical  $V_{CE}(\text{sat})=1.7\text{V}$
  - b) Using new Diode which is designed to get soft reverse recovery characteristics.
  - 3φ 100A, 600V Current-sense IGBT for 15kHz switching
  - Monolithic gate drive & protection logic
  - Detection, protection & status indication circuits for over-current, short-circuit, over-temperature & under-voltage
  - Acoustic noise-less 11kW class inverter application
  - UL Recognized      Yellow Card No.E80276(N)

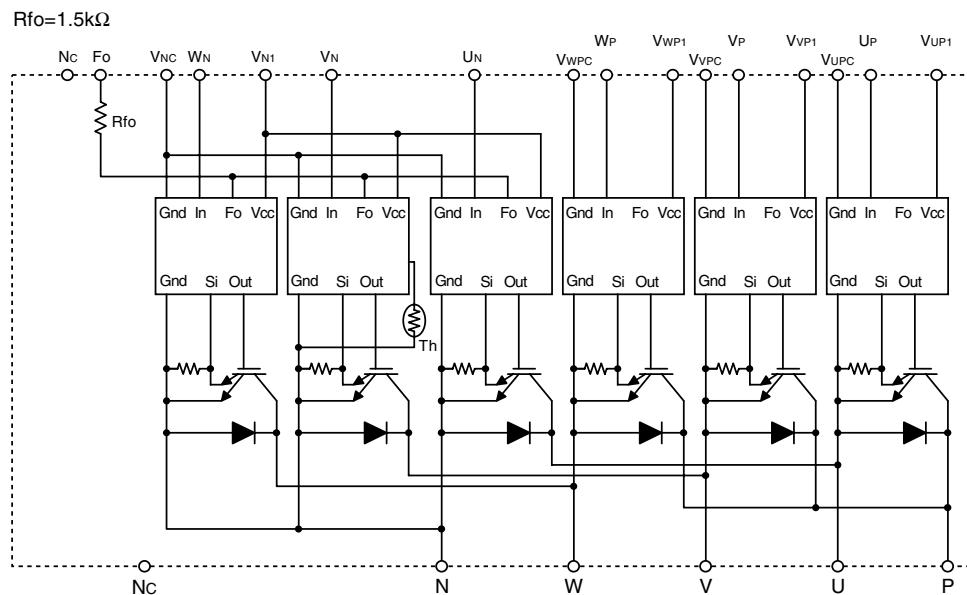
## APPLICATION

General purpose inverter, servo drives and other motor controls

## PACKAGE OUTLINES

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**INTERNAL FUNCTIONS BLOCK DIAGRAM**

MAXIMUM RATING ( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)  
INVERTER PART

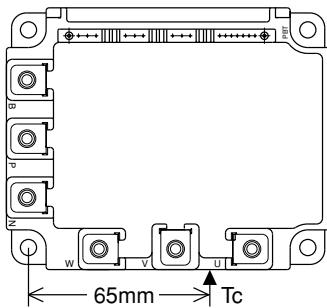
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_D = 15\text{V}$ , $V_{CIN} = 15\text{V}$	600	V
$\pm I_C$	Collector Current	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100	A
$\pm I_{CP}$	Collector Current (Peak)	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	200	A
P <sub>c</sub>	Collector Dissipation	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	328	W
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature		-20 ~ +150	°C

**CONTROL PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>D</sub>	Supply Voltage	Applied between : $V_{UP1}-V_{UPC}$ $V_{VP1}-V_{VPC}$ , $V_{WP1}-V_{WPC}$ , $V_{N1}-V_{NC}$	20	V
V <sub>CIN</sub>	Input Voltage	Applied between : $U_P-V_{UPC}$ , $V_P-V_{VPC}$ $W_P-V_{WPC}$ , $U_N-V_{N1}$ , $W_N-V_{NC}$	20	V
V <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between : $Fo-V_{NC}$	20	V
I <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Current	Sink current at Fo terminal	20	mA

**PM100CSE060**FLAT-BASE TYPE  
INSULATED PACKAGE**TOTAL SYSTEM**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
VCC(prot)	Supply Voltage Protected by OC & SC	VD = 13.5 ~ 16.5V, Inverter Part, T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C Start	400	V
VCC(surge)	Supply Voltage (Surge)	Applied between : P-N, Surge value or without switching	500	V
T <sub>c</sub>	Module Case Operating Temperature	(Note-1)	-20 ~ +100	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature		-40 ~ +125	°C
V <sub>iso</sub>	Isolation Voltage	60Hz, Sinusoidal, Charged part to Base, AC 1 min.	2500	V <sub>rms</sub>

(Note-1) T<sub>c</sub> measurement point is as shown below. (Base plate depth 3mm)**THERMAL RESISTANCES**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub>	Junction to case Thermal Resistances	Inverter IGBT part (per 1 element), (Note-1) Inverter FWDi part (per 1 element), (Note-1)	—	—	0.53	°C/W
R <sub>th(j-c)F</sub>		Inverter IGBT part (per 1 element), (Note-2)	—	—	0.23	
R <sub>th(j-c)F</sub>		Inverter FWDi part (per 1 element), (Note-2)	—	—	0.36	
R <sub>th(c-f)</sub>	Contact Thermal Resistance	Case to fin, Thermal grease applied (per 1 module)	—	—	0.027	

(Note-2) T<sub>c</sub> measurement point is just under the chips.If you use this value, R<sub>th(f-a)</sub> should be measured just under the chips.**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)****INVERTER PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	VD = 15V, I <sub>C</sub> = 100A	—	1.7	2.3	V
		V <sub>CIN</sub> = 0V, Pulsed (Fig. 1)	—	1.7	2.3	
V <sub>EC</sub>	FWDi Forward Voltage	—I <sub>C</sub> = 100A, V <sub>D</sub> = 15V, V <sub>CIN</sub> = 15V (Fig. 2)	—	2.2	3.3	V
t <sub>on</sub> t <sub>rr</sub> t <sub>c(on)</sub> t <sub>off</sub> t <sub>c(off)</sub>	Switching Time	VD = 15V, V <sub>CIN</sub> = 15V ↔ 0V V <sub>C</sub> = 300V, I <sub>C</sub> = 100A T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C Inductive Load (upper and lower arm) (Fig. 3)	0.8	1.2	2.4	μs
			—	0.15	0.3	
			—	0.4	1.0	
			—	2.4	3.3	
			—	0.6	1.2	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>CES</sub> , V <sub>CIN</sub> = 15V (Fig. 4)	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	—	1	mA
			T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	—	10	

**PM100CSE060**FLAT-BASE TYPE  
INSULATED PACKAGE**CONTROL PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Limits			Unit	
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
ID	Circuit Current	VD = 15V, VCIN = 15V	VN1-VNC	—	40	55	mA	
			VXP1-VXPC	—	13	18		
Vth(ON)	Input ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between : UP-VUPC, VP-VVPC, WP-VWPC UN • VN • WN-VNC			1.2	1.5	1.8	V
					1.7	2.0	2.3	
OC	Over Current Trip Level	VD = 15V (Fig. 5,6)	T <sub>j</sub> = -20°C	—	—	520	A	
			T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	264	311	430		
			T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	158	—	—		
SC	Short Circuit Trip Level	—20 ≤ T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 125°C, VD = 15V	(Fig. 5,6)	—	360	—	A	
t <sub>off</sub> (OC)	Over Current Delay Time	VD = 15V	(Fig. 5,6)	—	10	—	μs	
OT	Over Temperature Protection	Base-plate Temperature detection, VD = 15V	Trip level	111	118	125	°C	
			Reset level	—	100	—		
UV	Supply Circuit Under-Voltage Protection	-20 ≤ T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 125°C	Trip level	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	
			Reset level	—	12.5	—		
I <sub>FO</sub> (H)	Fault Output Current	VD = 15V, VFO = 15V	(Note-3)	—	—	0.01	mA	
I <sub>FO</sub> (L)				—	10	15		
t <sub>FO</sub>	Minimum Fault Output Pulse Width	VD = 15V	(Note-3)	1.0	1.8	—	ms	

(Note-3) Fault output is given only when the internal OC, SC, OT &amp; UV protection.

Fault output of OT protection operate by lower arm.

Fault output of OC, SC protection given pulse.

Fault output of OT, UV protection given pulse while over level.

**MECHANICAL RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter		Test Condition		Limits		
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
—	Mounting torque	Main terminal	screw : M5	2.5	3.0	3.5	N • m
—	Mounting torque	Mounting part	screw : M5	2.5	3.0	3.5	N • m
—	Weight	—	—	560	—	g	

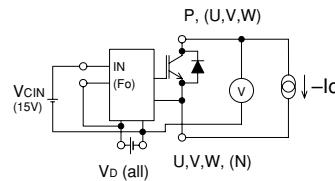
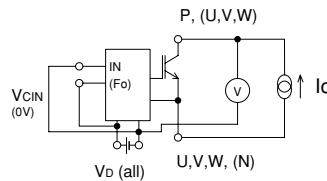
**RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS FOR USE**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Recommended value	Unit
VCC	Supply Voltage	Applied across P-N terminals	≤ 400	V
VD	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between : VUP1-VUPC, VVP1-VVPC VWP1-VWPC, VN1-VNC (Note-4)	15 ± 1.5	V
VCIN(ON)	Input ON Voltage	Applied between : UP-VUPC, VP-VVPC, WP-VWPC UN • VN • WN-VNC	≤ 0.8	V
VCIN(OFF)	Input OFF Voltage		≥ 4.0	
fPWM	PWM Input Frequency	Using Application Circuit input signal of IPM, 3φ sinusoidal PWM VVVF inverter (Fig. 8)	≤ 20	kHz
tdead	Arm Shoot-through Blocking Time	For IPM's each input signals (Fig. 7)	≥ 2.5	μs

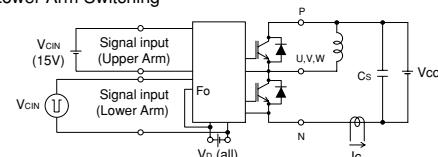
(Note-4) Allowable Ripple rating of Control Voltage : dv/dt ≤ ±5V/μs, 2Vp-p

## PRECAUTIONS FOR TESTING

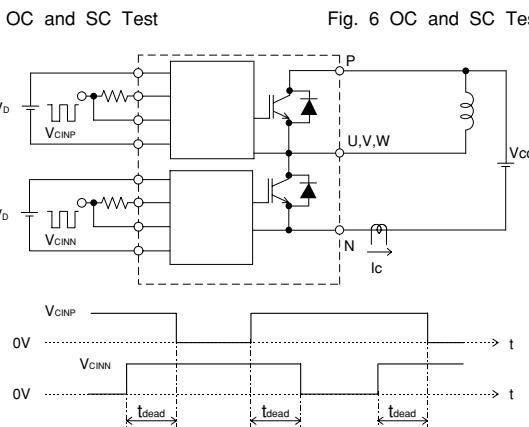
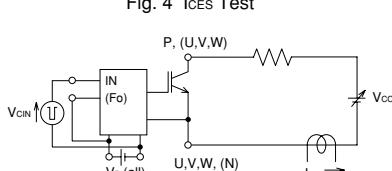
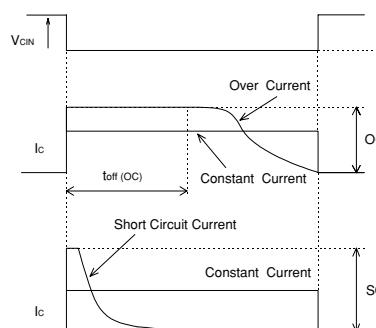
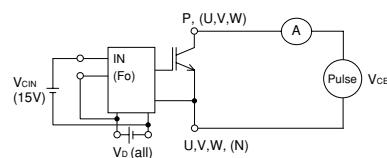
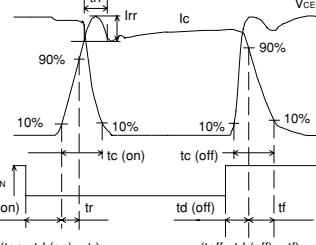
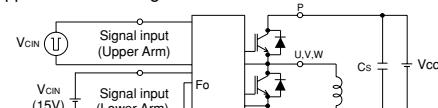
- Before applying any control supply voltage ( $V_D$ ), the input terminals should be pulled up by resistors, etc. to their corresponding supply voltage and each input signal should be kept off state.  
After this, the specified ON and OFF level setting for each input signal should be done.
- When performing "OC" and "SC" tests, the turn-off surge voltage spike at the corresponding protection operation should not be allowed to rise above  $V_{CES}$  rating of the device.  
(These test should not be done by using a curve tracer or its equivalent.)



a) Lower Arm Switching



b) Upper Arm Switching



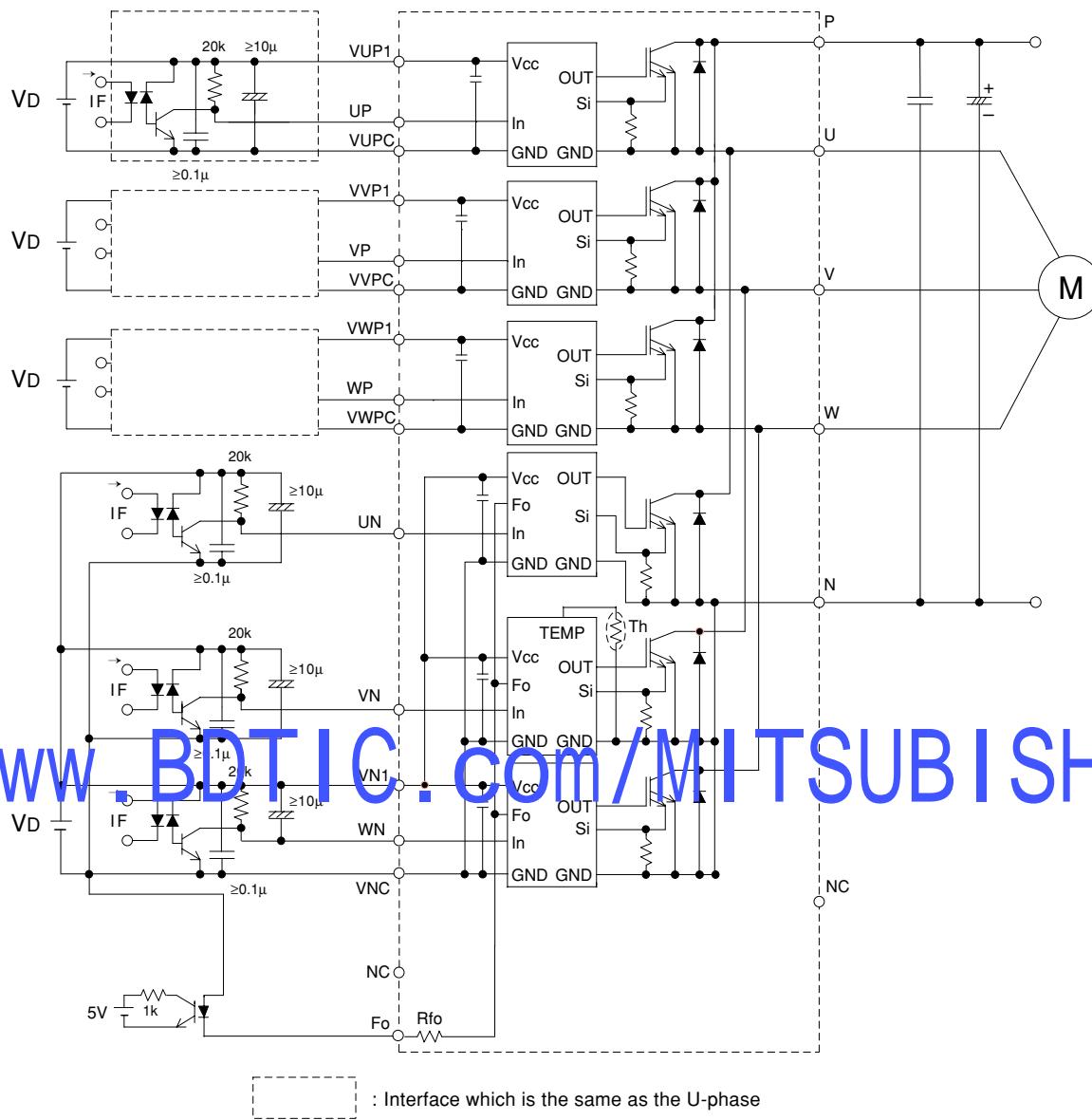


Fig. 8 Application Example Circuit

**NOTES FOR STABLE AND SAFE OPERATION ;**

- Design the PCB pattern to minimize wiring length between opto-coupler and IPM's input terminal, and also to minimize the stray capacity between the input and output wirings of opto-coupler.
- Quick opto-couplers: TPLH, TPLH  $\leq 0.8\mu s$ . Use High CMR type. The line between opto-coupler and intelligent module should be shortened as much as possible to minimize the floating capacitance.
- Slow switching opto-coupler: recommend to use at CTR = 100 ~ 200%, Input current = 8 ~ 10mA, to work in active.
- Use 4 isolated control power supplies (VD). Also, care should be taken to minimize the instantaneous voltage charge of the power supply.
- Make inductance of DC bus line as small as possible, and minimize surge voltage using snubber capacitor between P and N terminal.
- Use line noise filter capacitor (ex. 4.7nF) between each input AC line and ground to reject common-mode noise from AC line and improve noise immunity of the system.

## PERFORMANCE CURVES

