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NBB-402

CASCADABLE BROADBAND GaAs MMIC AMPLIFIER DC TO 8GHz

Package Style: MPGA, Bowtie, 3x3, Ceramic



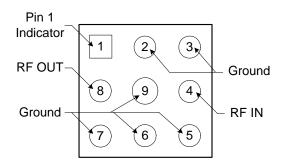


Features

- Reliable, Low-Cost HBT Design
- 15.0dB Gain, +15.8dBm P1dB at2GHz
- High P1dB of +15.4dBmat6.0GHz
- Single Power Supply Operation
- 50Ω I/O Matched for High Frequency Use

Applications

- Narrow and Broadband Commercial and Military Radio Designs
- Linear and Saturated Amplifiers
- Gain Stage or Driver Amplifiers for MWRadio/Optical Designs (PTP/PMP/LMDS/UNII/ VSAT/WiFi/Cellular/DWDM)



Functional Block Diagram

Product Description

The NBB-402 cascadable broadband InGaP/GaAs MMIC amplifier is a low-cost, high-performance solution for general purpose RF and microwave amplification needs. This 50Ω gain block is based on a reliable HBT proprietary MMIC design, providing unsurpassed performance for small-signal applications. Designed with an external bias resistor, the NBB-402 provides flexibility and stability. The NBB-402 is packaged in a low-cost, surface-mount ceramic package, providing ease of assembly for high-volume tape-and-reel requirements.

NBB-402
NBB-402-T1
NBB-402-E
NBB-402-E
NBB-X-K1

Cascadable Broadband GaAs MMIC Amplifier DC to 8 GHz
Tape and Reel, 1000 Pieces
Fully Assembled Evaluation Board
Extended Frequency InGaP Amp Designer's Tool Kit

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

GaAs HBT

GaAs HBT

GaAs HBT

GaAs HBT

GaBs GaAs HBMT

GaBs GaBs HBMT

☐ GaAs HBT	☐ SiGe BiCMOS	☐ GaAs pHEMT	☐ GaN HEMT
☐ GaAs MESFET ✓ InGaP HBT	☐ Si BiCMOS	☐ Si CMOS	☐ BiFET HBT
▼ InGaP HBT	☐ SiGe HBT	☐ Si BJT	☐ LDMOS

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NBB-402



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
RF Input Power	+20	dBm
Power Dissipation	300	mW
Device Current	70	mA
Channel Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature	-45 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Exceeding any one or a combination of these limits may cause permanent damage.



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

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RFMD Green: RoHS compliant per EU Directive 2002/95/EC, halogen free per IEC 61249-2-21, < 1000 ppm each of antimony trioxide in polymeric materials and red phosphorus as a flame retardant, and <2% antimony in solder.

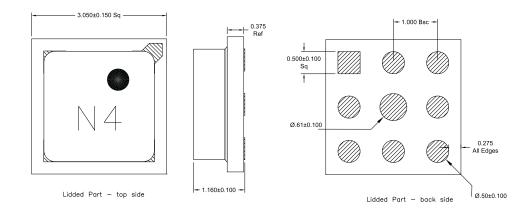
Davamatar -	Specification		11	Condition	
Parameter	Min. Typ. Max.		Unit		
Overall					V_D =+3.9V, I_{CC} =47 mA, Z_0 =50 Ω , T_A =+25°C
Small Signal Power Gain, S21	15.0	17.1		dB	f=0.1GHz to 1.0GHz
		15.8		dB	f=1.0GHz to 4.0GHz
		14.3		dB	f=4.0GHz to 6.0GHz
	12.0	12.5		dB	f=6.0GHz to 8.0GHz
Gain Flatness, GF		±0.8		dB	f=0.1GHz to 5.0GHz
Input and Output VSWR		1.45:1			f=0.1GHz to 4.0GHz
		1.30:1			f=4.0GHz to 8.0GHz
		1.80:1			f=8.0GHz to 10.0GHz
Bandwidth, BW		6.3		GHz	BW3 (3dB)
Output Power at -1dB Compression, P1dB		15.8		dBm	f=2.0GHz
		15.4		dBm	f=6.0GHz
		15.5		dBm	f=8.0GHz
Noise Figure, NF		4.3		dB	f=3.0GHz
Third Order Intercept, IP3		+26.0		dBm	f=2.0GHz
Reverse Isolation, S12		-17.5		dB	f=0.1GHz to 12.0GHz
Device Voltage, V _D	3.6	3.9	4.2	V	
Gain Temperature Coefficient, $\delta G_T/\delta T$		-0.0015		dB/°C	
MTTF versus Temperature at I _{CC} =50mA					
Case Temperature		85		°C	
Junction Temperature		120.9		°C	
MTTF		>1,000,000		hours	
Thermal Resistance					
θ_{JC}		196		°C/W	$\frac{J_T - T_{CASE}}{V_D \cdot I_{CC}} = \theta_{JC}(^{\circ}C/Watt)$



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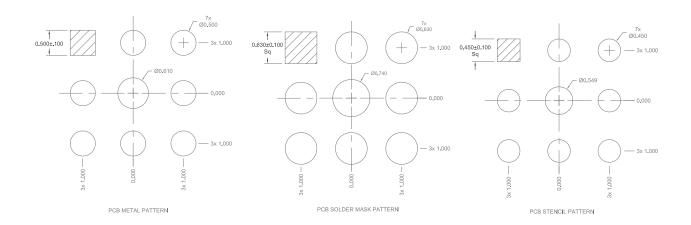
Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	GND	Ground connection. For best performance, keep traces physically short and connect immediately to ground plane.	
2	GND	Same as pin 1.	
3	GND	Same as pin 1.	
4	RF IN	RF input pin. This pin is NOT internally DC blocked. A DC blocking capacitor, suitable for the frequency of operation, should be used in most applications. DC coupling of the input is not allowed, because this will override the internal feedback loop and cause temperature instability.	
5	GND	Same as pin 1.	
6	GND	Same as pin 1.	
7	GND	Same as pin 1.	
8	RF OUT	RF output and bias pin. Biasing is accomplished with an external series resistor and choke inductor to V_{CC} . The resistor is selected to set the DC current into this pin to a desired level. The resistor value is determined by the following equation: $R = \frac{(V_{CC} - V_{DEVICE})}{I_{CC}}$ Care should also be taken in the resistor selection to ensure that the current into the part never exceeds maximum datasheet operating current over the planned operating temperature. This means that a resistor between the supply and this pin is always required, even if a supply near 5.0V is available, to provide DC feedback to prevent thermal runaway. Alternatively, a constant current supply circuit may be implemented. Because DC is present on this pin, a DC blocking capacitor, suitable for the frequency of operation, should be used in most applications. The supply side of the bias network should also be well bypassed.	RF IN O
9	GND	Same as pin 1.	

Package Drawing



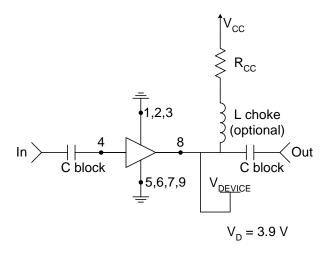


Recommended PCB Layout



Typical Bias Configuration

Application notes related to biasing circuit, device footprint, and thermal considerations are available on request.



Recommended Bias Resistor Values						
Supply Voltage, V _{CC} (V)	5	8	10	12	15	20
Bias Resistor, $R_{CC}(\Omega)$	22	81	122	162	222	322



Application Notes

Die Attach

The die attach process mechanically attaches the die to the circuit substrate. In addition, it electrically connects the ground to the trace on which the chip is mounted, and establishes the thermal path by which heat can leave the chip.

Wire Bonding

Electrical connections to the chip are made through wire bonds. Either wedge or ball bonding methods are acceptable practices for wire bonding.

Assembly Procedure

Epoxy or eutectic die attach are both acceptable attachment methods. Top and bottom metallization are gold. Conductive silver-filled epoxies are recommended. This procedure involves the use of epoxy to form a joint between the backside gold of the chip and the metallized area of the substrate. A 150°C cure for 1 hour is necessary. Recommended epoxy is Ablebond 84-1LMI from Ablestik.

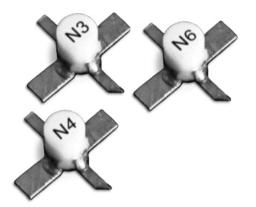
Bonding Temperature (Wedge or Ball)

It is recommended that the heater block temperature be set to 160°C±10°C.

Extended Frequency InGaP Amplifier Designer's Tool Kit NBB-X-K1

This tool kit was created to assist in the design-in of the RFMD NBB- and NLB-series InGap HBT gain block amplifiers. Each tool kit contains the following.

- 5 each NBB-300, NBB-310 and NBB-400 Ceramic Micro-X Amplifiers
- 5 each NLB-300, NLB-310 and NLB-400 Plastic Micro-X Amplifiers
- 2 Broadband Evaluation Boards and High Frequency SMA Connectors
- Broadband Bias Instructions and Specification Summary Index for ease of operation

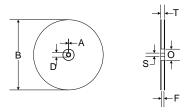




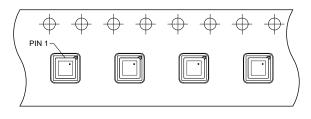


Tape and Reel Dimensions

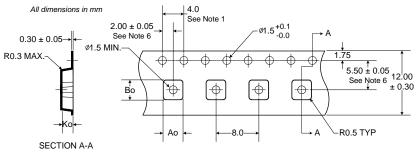
All Dimensions in Millimeters



330 mm (13") REEL			Micro-X, MPGA		
	ITEMS	SYMBOL	SIZE (mm)	SIZE (inches)	
	Diameter	В	330 +0.25/-4.0	13.0 +0.079/-0.158	
FLANGE	Thickness	Т	18.4 MAX	0.724 MAX	
	Space Between Flange	F	12.4 +2.0	0.488 +0.08	
нив	Outer Diameter	0	102.0 REF	4.0 REF	
	Spindle Hole Diameter	S	13.0 +0.5/-0.2	0.512 +0.020/-0.008	
	Key Slit Width	Α	1.5 MIN	0.059 MIN	
	Key Slit Diameter	D	20.2 MIN	0.795 MIN	



User Direction of Feed



NOTES:

- 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ±0.2.
 2. Camber not to exceed 1 mm in 100 mm.
- 3. Material: PS+C
- Ao and Bo measured on a plane 0.3 mm above the bottom of the pocket.
 Ko measured from a plane on the inside bottom of the pocket to the surface of the carrier.
- 6. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.

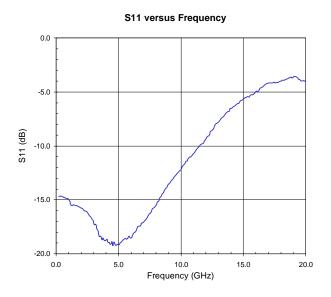
Ao = 3.6 MM

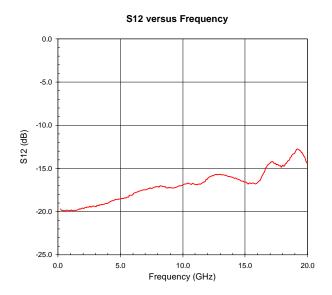
Bo = 3.6 MM Ko = 1.7 MM

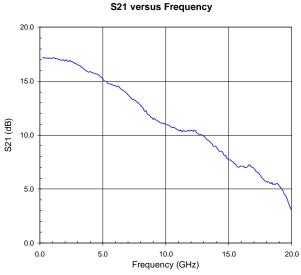


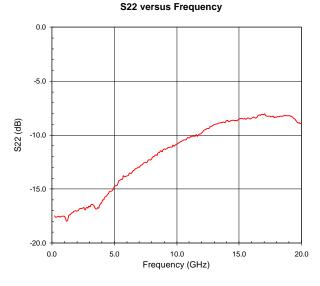
Note: The s-parameter gain results shown below include device performance as well as evaluation board and connector loss variations. The insertion losses of the evaluation board and connectors are as follows:

1GHz to 4GHz=-0.06dB 5GHz to 9GHz=-0.22dB 10GHz to 14GHz=-0.50dB 15GHz to 20GHz=-1.08dB









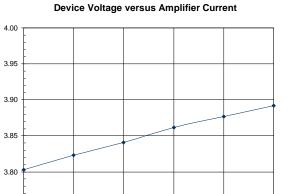
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Device Voltage, V_D (V)

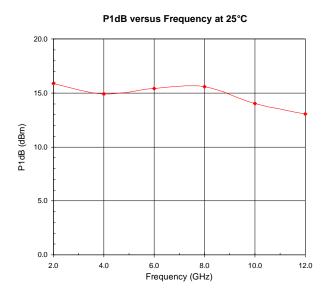
3.75

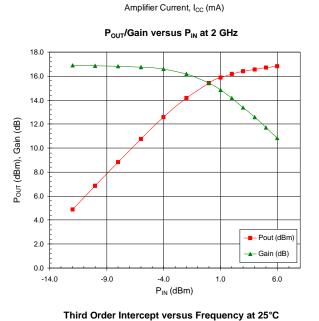
3.70 35.00





60.00





45.00

