

QUAD-BAND GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/ PCS1900 TRANSMIT MODULE

Package: Module 6.63mmx5.24mm1.0mm

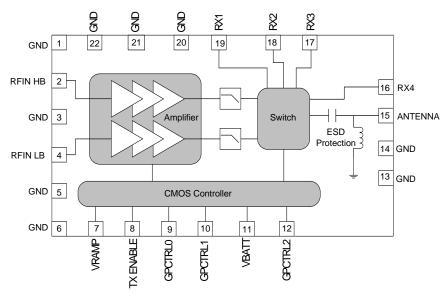


Features

- Enhanced Performance Transmit Module
- No External Routing
- High Efficiency at Rated P_{OUT} V_{BATT}=3.5 V GSM850=40% EGSM900=40% DCS1800=34% PCS1900=36%
- Low RX Insertion Loss
- Four Symmetrical RX Ports
- OdBm to 6dBm Drive Level, >50dB of Dynamic Range
- Integrated Power Flattening Circuit
- V_{BATT} Tracking Circuit

Applications

- 3V Quad-Band GSM/GPRS Handsets
- GSM850/EGSM900/DCS180 0/PCS1900 Products
- GPRS Class 12 Compliant
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment



Functional Block Diagram

Product Description

The RF7163 is a quad-band (GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900) GSM/GPRS, Class 12 compliant transmit module with four interchangeable receive ports. This transmit module builds upon RFMD's leading power amplifier with PowerStar® integrated power control technology, pHEMT switch technology, and integrated transmit filtering for best-in-class harmonic performance. The results are high performance, reduced solution size, and ease of implementation. The device is designed for use as the final portion of the transmitter section in a GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 handset and eliminates the need for a PA-to-antenna switch module matching network.

The RF7163 features RFMD's latest integrated power-flattening circuit which significantly reduces current and power variation into load mismatch. Additionally, a V_{BATT} tracking feature is incorporated to maintain switching performance as supply voltage decreases. The RF7163 also integrates an ESD filter to provide excellent ESD protection at the antenna port. The RF7163 is designed to provide maximum efficiency at rated P_{OUT} .

Ordering Information

RF7163 Quad-Band GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 Trans-

mit Module

RF7163SB Transmit Module 5-Piece Sample Pack RF7163PCBA-41X Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

☑ GaAs HBT	☐ SiGe BiCMOS	☑ GaAs pHEMT	☐ GaN HEMT
☐ GaAs MESFET	☐ Si BiCMOS	▼ Si CMOS	☐ RF MEMS
☐ InGaP HBT	☐ SiGe HBT	☐ Si BJT	☐ LDMOS

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Power Control Voltage (V _{RAMP})	-0.3 to +1.8	V
Input RF Power	+10	dBm
Max Duty Cycle	50	%
Output Load VSWR	20:1	
Operating Case Temperature	-20 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

RoHS status based on EU Directive 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

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Parameter	Parameter Specification Unit		Condition		
Farameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	UIIIL	Collution
ESD				_	
ESD RF Ports			1000	V	HBM, JESD22-A114
			1000	V	CDM, JEDEC JESD22-C101
ESD Antenna Port			8	kV	IEC 61000-4-2
ESD Any Other Port			1000	V	HBM, JESD22-A114
			1000	V	CDM, JEDEC JESD22-C101
Overall Power Control V _{RAMP}					
Power Control "ON"			1.8	V	Max. P _{OUT}
Power Control "OFF"		0.25		V	Min. P _{OUT}
V _{RAMP} Input Capacitance		15	20	pF	DC to 200kHz
V _{RAMP} Input Current			10	μΑ	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP, MAX}
Power Control Range		50		dB	V _{RAMP} =0.25V to V _{RAMP, MAX}
Overall Power Supply					
Power Supply Voltage	3.0	3.5	4.8	V	Operating Limits
Power Supply Current		40	80	μΑ	P_{IN} <-30dBm, TX Enable=Low, V_{RAMP} =0.25V, Temp=-20°C to +85°C, V_{BATT} =4.8V.
Overall Control Signals					
GpCtrl0/1/2 "Low"	0	0	0.5	V	
GpCtrl0/1/2 "High"	1.25	2.0	VBATT	V	
GpCtrl0/1/2 "High Current"		1	2	μΑ	
TX Enable "Low"	0	0	0.5	V	
TX Enable "High"	1.25	2.0	VBATT	V	
TX Enable "High Current"		1	2	μΑ	
RF Port Input and Output Impedance		50		Ω	



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		Specification	ı		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
GSM850 Band					Nominal conditions unless otherwise stated. All unused ports are terminated. V_{BATT} =3.5 V , P_{IN} =3dBm, Temp=+25°C, TX Enable=High, VRAMP=1.8 V . TX Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=Low, Duty Cycle=25%, Pulse Width=1154 μ S
Operating Frequency Range	824		849	MHz	
Input Power	0	3	6	dBm	Full P _{OUT} guaranteed at minimum drive level.
Input VSWR		2:1	2.5:1		Over P _{OUT} range (5 dBm to 33 dBm)
Maximum Output Power	33	33.7		dBm	Nominal conditions.
	31	33.7		dBm	$\label{eq:VBATT} V_{\text{BATT}} = 3.1 \text{V to } 4.8 \text{V, P}_{\text{IN}} = 0 \text{dBm to 6dBm,}$ $\text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,}$ $\text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{mS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V.}$
Minimum Power Into 3:1 VSWR	30	31.5		dBm	The measured delivered output power to the load with the mismatch loss already taken into account with 1dB variation margin.
Efficiency	36	40		%	Set V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm
2nd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
3rd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
All other harmonics up to 12.75 GHz		-40	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm.
Non-harmonic Spurious up to 12.75 GHz			-36	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, also over all power levels (5dBm to 33dBm).
Forward Isolation 1		-57	-41	dBm	TX Enable Low, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Forward Isolation 2		-27	-15	dBm	TX Enable High, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25 V.
Output Noise Power		-87.5	-82	dBm	869 MHz to 894 MHz. $V_{RAMP} = V_{RAMP RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} = 33$ dBm, RBW = 100 kHz.
		-118	-74	dBm	1930 MHz to 1990 MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33 dBm, RBW=100 kHz.
Output Load VSWR Stability (Spurious Emissions)			-36	dBm	VSWR=12:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 33\ dBm$ into $50\ \Omega$ load; load switched to VSWR=12:1).
Output Load VSWR Ruggedness	No damage	or permanent de device	gradation to		VSWR=20:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 33\ dBm$ into $50\ \Omega$ load; load switched to VSWR=20:1).



Doromotor -		Specification	n	Unit	Condition
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
EGSM900 Band					Nominal conditions unless otherwise stated. All unused ports are terminated. V_{BATT} =3.5 V , P_{IN} =3dBm, Temp=+25°C, TX Enable=High, VRAMP=1.8 V . TX Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=Low, Duty Cycle=25%, Pulse Width=1154 μ S
Operating Frequency Range	880		915	MHz	
Input Power	0	3	6	dBm	Full P _{OUT} guaranteed at minimum drive level.
Input VSWR		2:1	2.5:1		Over P _{OUT} range (5 dBm to 33 dBm).
Maximum Output Power	33	33.7		dBm	Nominal conditions.
	31	33.7		dBm	$\label{eq:VBATT} V_{\text{BATT}} = 3.1 \text{V to } 4.8 \text{V, P}_{\text{IN}} = 0 \text{dBm to 6dBm,} \\ \text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,} \\ \text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{MS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V.} \\ \text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,} \\ \text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{MS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V.} \\ \text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,} \\ \text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{MS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V.} \\ \text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,} \\ \text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{MS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V.} \\ \text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M}_{\text{M}} + 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{M}_{\text{M}} $
Minimum Power Into 3:1 VSWR	30	31.5		dBm	The measured delivered output power to the load with the mismatch loss already taken into account with 1dB variation margin. V _{BATT} =3.7V.
Efficiency	36	40		%	Set V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm
2nd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33 dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
3rd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
All other harmonics up to 12.75 GHz		-40	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm.
Non-harmonic Spurious up to 12.75 GHz			-36	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, also over all power levels (5dBm to 33dBm).
Forward Isolation 1		-60	-41	dBm	TX Enable Low, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Forward Isolation 2		-27	-15	dBm	TX Enable High, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25 V.
Output Noise Power		-86	-77	dBm	925MHz to 935MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, RBW=100kHz.
		-86	-83	dBm	935MHz to 960MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, RBW=100kHz.
		-118	-87	dBm	$1805\text{MHz to }1880\text{MHz.}\text{V}_{\text{RAMP}} = \text{V}_{\text{RAMP}\text{RATED}}$ for $\text{P}_{\text{OUT}} = 33\text{dBm},\text{RBW} = 100\text{kHz}.$
Output Load VSWR Stability (Spurious Emissions)			-36	dBm	VSWR=12:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 33\ dBm$ into $50\ \Omega$ load; load switched to VSWR=12:1).
Output Load VSWR Ruggedness	No damage	or permanent d device	egradation to		VSWR=20:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 33\ dBm$ into $50\ \Omega$ load; load switched to VSWR=20:1).



Davamatav		Specification	1	11:4	Condition
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
DCS1800 Band					Nominal conditions unless otherwise stated. All unused ports are terminated. V_{BATT} =3.5V, P_{IN} =3dBm, Temp=+25°C, TX Enable=High, VRAMP=1.8V. TX Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=High, Duty Cycle=25%, Pulse Width=1154 μ S
Operating Frequency Range	1710		1785	MHz	
Input Power	0	3	6	dBm	Full P _{OUT} guaranteed at minimum drive level.
Input VSWR		1.3:1	2.5:1		Over P _{OUT} range (0dBm to 30dBm).
Maximum Output Power	30	31.6		dBm	Nominal conditions.
	28	31.6		dBm	$\label{eq:batt} \begin{split} &V_{\rm BATT}\!=\!3.0\text{V to }4.8\text{V, P}_{\rm IN}\!=\!\text{0dBm to 6dBm,}\\ &\text{Temp}\!=\!-20^\circ\text{C to }+\!85^\circ\text{C, Duty Cycle}\!=\!50\%,\\ &\text{Pulse Width}\!=\!2308\text{mS, V}_{\rm RAMP}\!\leq\!1.8\text{V.} \end{split}$
Minimum Power Into 3:1 VSWR	27	28.5		dBm	The measured delivered output power to the load with the mismatch loss already taken into account with 1dB variation margin. VBATT=3.7V.
Efficiency	32	34		%	Set V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm
2nd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30 dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
3rd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30 dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
4th Harmonic		-36*	-28	dBm	VRAMP=VRAMP_RATED. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band. External low pass filter can be used to attenuate the higher order harmonics. (See Application Schematic for suggested filter.)
All other harmonics up to 12.75 GHz		-40	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30 dBm.
Non-harmonic Spurious up to 12.75 GHz			-36	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30 dBm, also over all power levels (5dBm to 33dBm).
Forward Isolation 1		-62	-53	dBm	TX Enable Low, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Forward Isolation 2		-27	-15	dBm	TX Enable High, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Output Noise Power		-101	-77	dBm	925MHz to 935MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, RBW=100kHz.
		-100	-83	dBm	935 MHz to 960 MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33dBm, RBW=100 kHz.
		-93	-79	dBm	1805 MHz to 1880 MHz. $V_{RAMP} = V_{RAMP RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} = 33 \mathrm{dBm}$, RBW = 100 kHz.
Output Load VSWR Stability (Spurious Emissions)			-36	dBm	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{VSWR} = 12\text{:}1, \text{ all phase angles (Set} \\ \text{V}_{\text{RAMP}=\text{VRAMP RATED}} \text{ for P}_{\text{OUT}} \leq 30 \text{ dBm into } 50 \Omega \\ \text{load; load switched to VSWR} = 12\text{:}1). \end{array} $
Output Load VSWR Ruggedness	No damage	or permanent de device	egradation to		$ VSWR = 20:1, \ all \ phase \ angles \ (Set \ V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED} \ for \ P_{OUT} \leq 30 \ dBm \ into \ 50 \ \Omega $ load; load switched to VSWR=20:1).



Porometer		Specification	n	Hoit	Condition
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
PCS1900 Band					Nominal conditions unless otherwise stated. All unused ports are terminated. V _{BATT} =3.5V, P _{IN} =3dBm, Temp=+25°C, TX Enable=High, VRAMP=1.8V. TX Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=High, Duty Cycle=25%, Pulse Width=1154μS
Operating Frequency Range	1850		1910	MHz	
Input Power	0	3	6	dBm	Full P _{OUT} guaranteed at minimum drive level.
Input VSWR		1.3:1	2.5:1		Over P _{OUT} range (0dBm to 30dBm).
Maximum Output Power	30	31.5		dBm	Nominal conditions.
	28	31.5		dBm	$\label{eq:VBATT} V_{\text{BATT}} = 3.0 \text{V to } 4.8 \text{V, P}_{\text{IN}} = 0 \text{dBm to } 6 \text{dBm,}$ $\text{Temp} = -20 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C, Duty Cycle} = 50 ^{\circ}\text{M,}$ $\text{Pulse Width} = 2308 ^{\circ}\text{mS, V}_{\text{RAMP}} \leq 1.8 \text{V.}$
Minimum Power Into 3:1 VSWR	27	28.5		dBm	The measured delivered output power to the load with the mismatch loss already taken into account with 1dB variation margin. VBATT=3.7V.
Efficiency	32	36		%	Set V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm
2nd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
3rd Harmonic		-40*	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.
4th Harmonic		-36*	-28	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm. *Typical value measured from worst case harmonic frequency across the band.External low pass filter can be used to attenuate the higher order harmonics. (See Application Schematic for suggested filter.)
All other harmonics up to 12.75 GHz		-40	-33	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm.
Non-harmonic Spurious up to 12.75 GHz			-36	dBm	V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm, also over all power levels (5dBm to 30dBm).
Forward Isolation 1		-61	-53	dBm	TX Enable Low, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Forward Isolation 2		-27	-15	dBm	TX Enable High, P _{IN} =6dBm, V _{RAMP} =0.25V.
Output Noise Power		-101	-82	dBm	869MHz to 894MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm, RBW=100kHz.
		-94	-74	dBm	1930MHz to 1990MHz. V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm, RBW=100kHz.
Output Load VSWR Stability (Spurious Emissions)			-36	dBm	VSWR=12:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 30\ dBm$ into 50Ω load; load switched to VSWR=12:1).
Output Load VSWR Ruggedness	No damage	or permanent d device	egradation to		VSWR=20:1, all phase angles (Set $V_{RAMP=VRAMP\ RATED}$ for $P_{OUT} \le 30\ dBm$ into 50Ω load; load switched to VSWR=20:1).



Dawanatan		Specification			O a u diti a u
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
RX Section					Nominal conditions unless otherwise stated. VBATT=3.5V, PIN=3dBm, Temp=+25°C, TX Enable=Low, VRAMP=1.8V, RX1 Mode: GpCtrl2=High, GpCtrl1=Low, GpCtrl0=Low RX2 Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=Low RX3 Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High, GpCtrl0=High RX4 Mode: GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=Low, GpCtrl0=High RX1 Freq=869MHz to 894MHz RX2 Freq=925MHz to 960MHz RX3 Freq=1805MHz to 1880MHz RX4 Freq=1930MHz to 1990MHz
Insertion Loss GSM850/EGSM900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		1.0	1.3	dB	See Note 1.
In-Band Ripple GSM850/EGSM900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		0.03	0.05	dB	
Input VSWR GSM850/EGSM900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		1.5:1			
Insertion Loss DCS1800/PCS1900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		1.2	1.7	dB	See Note 1.
In-Band Ripple DCS1800/PCS1900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		0.05	0.1	dB	
Input VSWR DCS1800/PCS1900 ANT-RX1/2/3/4		1.8:1			
TX Section					
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port GSM850, ANT-RX1/2/3/4		-10	6	dBm	GSM850 TX Mode: Freq=824 MHz to 849 MHz, GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High. GpCtrl0=Low, V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33 dBm at antenna port. See Note 2.
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port EGSM900, ANT-RX1/2/3/4		-10	6	dBm	EGSM900 TX Mode: Freq=880 MHz to 915 MHz, GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High. GpCtrl0=Low, V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =33 dBm at antenna port. See Note 2.
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port DCS1800, ANT-RX1/2/3		-15	-5	dBm	GSM850 TX Mode: Freq = 1710 MHz to 1785 MHz, GpCtrl2 = Low, GpCtrl1 = High. GpCtrl0 = High, V _{RAMP} = V _{RAMP} RATED for P _{OUT} = 30 dBm at antenna port. See Note 2.
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port PCS1900, ANT-RX1/2/3		-15	-5	dBm	GSM TX Mode: Freq=1850MHz to 1910MHz, GpCtrl2=Low, GpCtrl1=High. GpCtrl0=High, V _{RAMP} =V _{RAMP RATED} for P _{OUT} =30dBm at antenna port. See Note 2.



Parameter		Specification		Unit	Condition
raiametei	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Condition
TX Section (cont.)					
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port DCS1800, ANT-RX4		-3	5	dBm	
Switch Leakage P _{OUT} at RX Port PCS1900, ANT-RX4		-3	5	dBm	

Note 1: The typical and maximum insertion loss values listed are values that would be measured with an ideal match at the RX port (see Application Schematic).

Note 2: Isolation specification set to ensure at least the following isolation at rated power. Calculation example: Switch Leakage= P_{OUT} at Antenna - P_{OUT} at RX Port. LB switch leakage=33-(-10)=43dB, HB switch leakage=30-(-15)=45dB.



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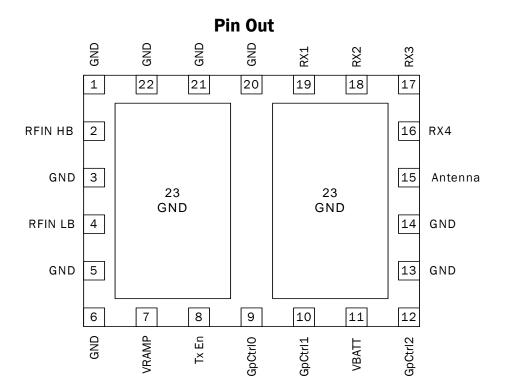
TX ENABLE	GpCtrl2	GpCtrl1	GpCtrl0	TX Module Mode
0	0	0	0	Low Power Mode (Standby)
0	1	0	0	RX1
0	0	1	0	RX2
0	0	1	1	RX3
0	0	0	1	RX4
1	0	1	0	GSM850/900 TX Mode
1	0	1	1	DCS1800/PCS1900 TX Mode

Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	GND	Ground.	
2	RF IN HB	RF input to the DCS1800/PCS1900 bands. This is a 50Ω input.	HB RF IN O
3	GND	Ground.	
4	RF IN LB	RF input to the GSM850/EGSM900 bands. This is a 50Ω input.	LB RF IN
5	GND	Ground.	
6	GND	Ground.	
7	VRAMP	VRAMP ramping signal from DAC. A simple RC filter is integrated into the RF7163 module. VRAMP may or may not require additional filtering depending on the baseband selected.	
8	TX ENABLE	This signal enables the PA module for operation with a logic high. The switch is put in TX mode determined by GpCtrl0, GpCtrl1, and GpCtrl2.	TX ENABLE O-OTX ON
9	GPCTRL0	Control pin that together with GpCtrl1 and GpCtrl2 selects the band of operation.	
10	GPCTRL1	Control pin that together with GpCtrlO and GpCtrl2 selects the band of operation.	
11	VBATT	Power supply for the module. This should be connected to the battery terminal using as wide a trace as possible.	
12	GPCTRL2	Control pin that together with GpCtrlO and GpCtrl1 selects the band of operation.	



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Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
13	GND	Ground.	
14	GND	Ground.	
15	Antenna	Antenna port. This is a 50Ω output.	
16	RX4	RX4 of antenna switch. This is a 50Ω output. This port is interchangeable with any other RX port.	
17	RX3	RX3 of antenna switch. This is a 50Ω output. This port is interchangeable with any other RX port.	
18	RX2	RX2 of antenna switch. This is a 50Ω output. This port is interchangeable with any other RX port.	
19	RX1	RX1 of antenna switch. This is a 50Ω output. This port is interchangeable with any other RX port.	7
20	GND	Ground.	
21	GND	Ground.	
22	GND	Ground.	
23	GND	Ground.	







Theory of Operation

Product Description

The RF7163 is a quad-band transmit module (TXM) with fully-integrated power control functionality, harmonic filtering, band selectivity, and TX/RX switching. The TXM is self-contained, having 50Ω I/O terminals and four interchangeable RX ports allowing quad-band operation. The power control function eliminates all power control circuitry, including directional couplers, diode detectors, and power control ASICs, etc. The power control capability provides 50dB of continuous control range and 70dB of total control range, using a DAC-compatible, analog voltage input. The TX Enable feature provides for PA activation (TX mode) or RX mode/standby. Internal switching provides a low-loss, low-distortion path from the antenna port to the TX path (or RX port) while maintaining proper isolation.

Overview

The RF7163 simplifies the phone design by eliminating the need for the complicated control loop, harmonic filters, and TX/RX switch along with their associated matching components. The power control loop can be driven directly from the DAC output in the baseband circuit. The module has four RX ports for GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 operation. The four RX ports can be used interchangeably. To control the mode of operation there are four logic control signals: TX Enable, GpCtrl0, GpCtrl1, and GpCtrl2. RF7163 offers high efficiency at the rated P_{OLIT} as backed-off efficiency is improved in this TXM.

Power Ramping and Timing

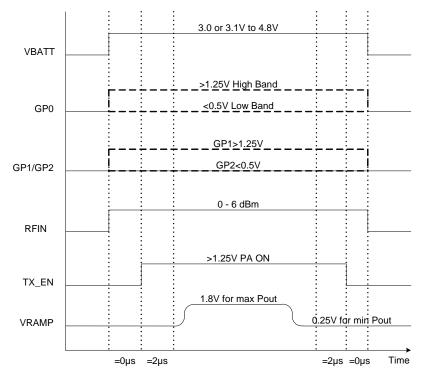
The RF7163 should be powered on according to the power-on sequence below. It is designed to prevent operation of the amplifier under conditions that could cause damage to the device or erratic operation.

There are some setup times associated with the control signals of the RF7163. The most important of these is the settling time between TXEN going high and when V_{RAMP} can begin to increase. This time is often referred to as the "pedestal" and is required so that the internal power control loop and bias circuitry can settle after being turned on. The RF7163 requires at least two μ s or two quarter-bit times for proper settling of the power control loop.

The power-down sequence is in opposite order of the power-on sequence. As described in the figure below, V_{BATT} is applied first to provide bias to the silicon control chip. Then the RF drive is applied. Finally, when TXEN is high, The V_{RAMP} signal is held at a constant 0.25V, and two μ s later, V_{RAMP} begins to ramp up. The shape of V_{RAMP} is important for maintaining the switching transients. The basic shape of the ramping function should be raised cosine to achieve best transient performance.



Power On Sequence



Power On Sequence:

- 1. Apply VBATT
- 2. Apply GP0/GP1/GP2
- 3. Apply RFIN
- 4. Apply TX_EN
- 5. Ramp VRAMP for desired output power at least 2□s after TX_EN

RFIN can be applied at any time. For good transient response it must be applied before power ramp begins.

The Power Down Sequence is the reverse order of the Power On Sequence.

RF7163 Timing Diagram

Power Flattening and V_{BATT} Tracking

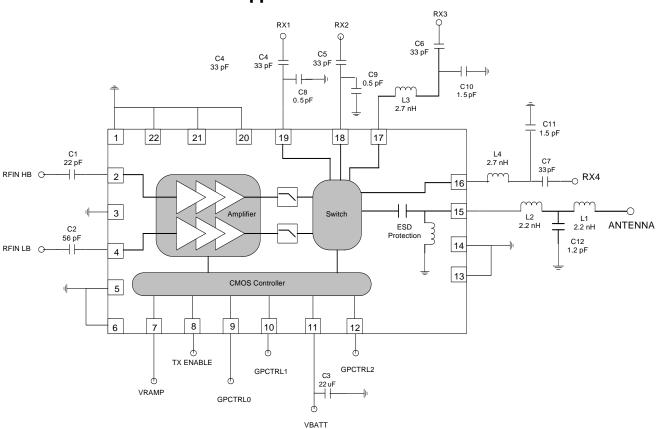
The RF7163 has an integrated power flattening circuit that reduces the amount of current variation when a mismatch is presented to the output of the PA. When a mismatch is presented to the output of the PA its output impedance is varied and could present a load that will increase output power. As the output power increases so does the current consumption. The current consumption can become very high if not monitored and limited. The power flattening circuit is integrated onto the CMOS controller and requires no input from user.

Into a mismatch, the current varies as the phase changes. The power flattening circuit monitors current through an internal sense resistor. As the current changes the loop is adjusted in order to maintain current. The result is flatter power and reduced current into mismatch.

The RF7163 also incorporates a VBATT tracking feature that eliminates the need for the transceiver/baseband to regulate the ramping signal as the supply voltage decreases. The internal circuit monitors the supply voltage and adjusts the ramping signal such that the switching spectrum is minimally impacted.



Application Schematic

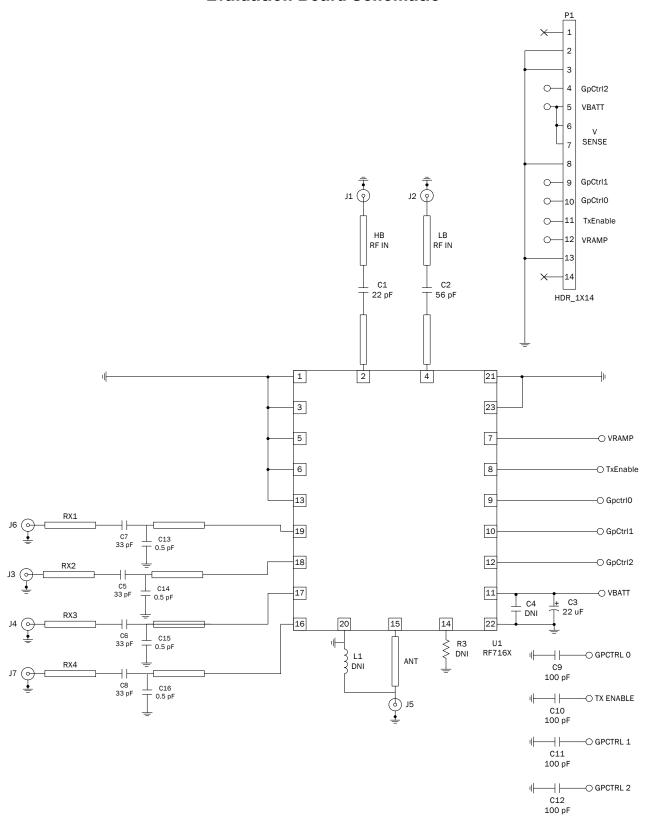


Notes:

- *All inputs, outputs, and antenna traces are 50Ω microstrip.
- **VBATT capacitor value may change depending on application.
- ***RX ports usually connect to SAW filters. It is highly recommended to place shunt capacitors C8 C11 and inductors L3 and L4 to provide the most flexibility for optimally matching the RX ports to the SAW filter for best RX performance. The series-L/shunt C networks are used on RX3 and RX4 which are recommended for high-band operation and give a greater degree of freedom in finding the correct match. The values shown for these components may not be ideal for each application, therefore some experimentation may be warranted to find the correct values. Series capacitors C4 to C7 are required to block the DC voltage that is present on the RX pins.
- ****The recommended ordering of the RX ports for the transceiver layout compatibility and isolation requirements are as follows: RX1=GSM850, RX2=EGSM900, RX3=DCS1800, and RX4=PCS1900.
- *****If placing an attenuation network on the input to the power amplifier, ensure that it is positioned on the transceiver side of the capacitor C1 (or C2) to prevent adversely affecting the base biasing of the power amplifier.
- ******For control of higher order high band harmonics, a low pass filter is required on the ANT output. The values listed in this application schematic are suggested only and depend on the particular application, as they are heavily dependent on the phone circuit layout.

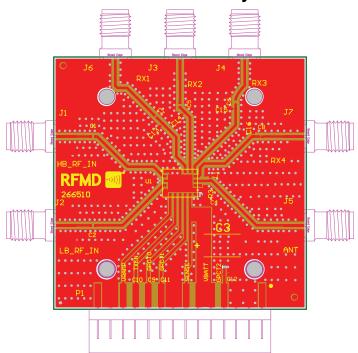


Evaluation Board Schematic



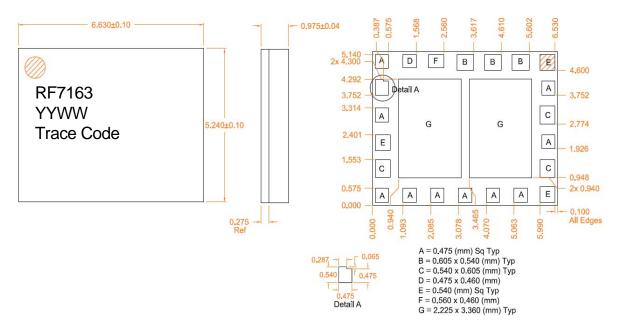


Evaluation Board Layout





Package Drawing



Notes:

YY indicates year, WW indicates work week, and Trace Code is a sequential number assigned at device assembly.

Shaded areas represent Pin 1 location.



PCB Design Requirements

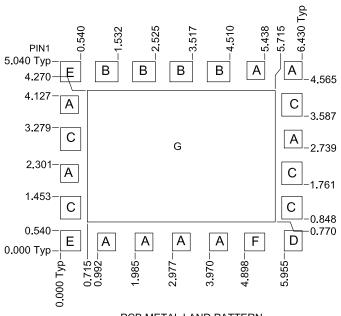
PCB Surface Finish

The PCB surface finish used for RFMD's qualification process is electroless nickel, immersion gold. Typical thickness is 3μ inch to 8μ inch gold over 180μ inch nickel.

PCB Land Pattern Recommendation

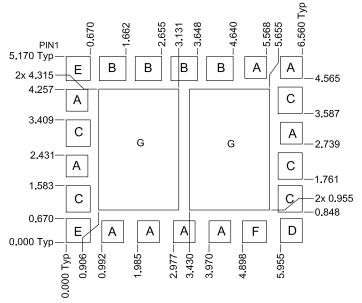
PCB land patterns for RFMD components are based on IPC-7351 standards and RFMD empirical data. The pad pattern shown has been developed and tested for optimized assembly at RFMD. The PCB land pattern has been developed to accommodate lead and package tolerances. Since surface mount processes vary from company to company, careful process development is recommended.

PCB Metal Land and Solder Mask Pattern



A = 0.475 mm Sq Typ B = 0.605 x 0.540 mm Typ C = 0.540 x 0.605 mm Typ D = 0.475 x 0.540 mm E = 0.540 mm Sq Typ F = 0.540 x 0.475 mm G = 5.000 x 3.500 mm

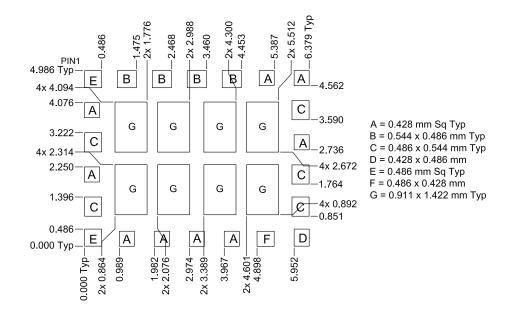
PCB METAL LAND PATTERN



 $A = 0.605 \text{ mm Sq Typ} \\ B = 0.735 \times 0.670 \text{ mm Typ} \\ C = 0.670 \times 0.735 \text{ mm Typ} \\ D = 0.605 \times 0.670 \text{ mm} \\ E = 0.670 \text{ mm Sq Typ} \\ F = 0.670 \times 0.605 \text{ mm} \\ G = 2.225 \times 3.360 \text{ mm Typ} \\ \\$

PCB SOLDER MASK PATTERN





PCB STENCIL PATTERN



Tape and Reel

Carrier tape basic dimensions are based on EIA 481. The pocket is designed to hold the part for shipping and loading onto SMT manufacturing equipment, while protecting the body and the solder terminals from damaging stresses. The individual pocket design can vary from vendor to vendor, but width and pitch will be consistent.

Carrier tape is wound or placed onto a shipping reel either 330mm (13 inches) in diameter or 178mm (7 inches) in diameter. The center hub design is large enough to ensure the radius formed by the carrier tape around it does not put unnecessary stress on the parts.

Prior to shipping, moisture sensitive parts (MSL level 2a-5a) are baked and placed into the pockets of the carrier tape. A cover tape is sealed over the top of the entire length of the carrier tape. The reel is sealed in a moisture barrier ESD bag with the appropriate units of desiccant and a humidity indicator card, which is placed in a cardboard shipping box. It is important to note that unused moisture sensitive parts need to be resealed in the moisture barrier bag. If the reels exceed the exposure limit and need to be rebaked, most carrier tape and shipping reels are not rated as bakeable at 125°C. If baking is required, devices may be baked according to section 4, table 4-1, of Joint Industry Standard IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033.

The table below provides information for carrier tape and reels used for shipping the devices described in this document.

Tape and Reel

RFMD Part Number	Reel Diameter Inch (mm)	Hub Diameter Inch (mm)	Width (mm)	Pocket Pitch (mm)	Feed	Units per Reel
RF7163TR13	13 (330)	4 (102)	12	8	Single	2500
RF7163TR7	7 (178)	2.4 (61)	12	8	Single	750

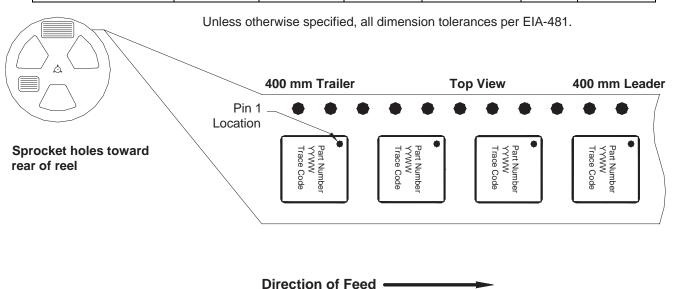


Figure 1. 5.24mmx6.63mm (Carrier Tape Drawing with Part Orientation)



RoHS* Banned Material Content

RoHS Compliant: Yes
Package total weight in grams (g): 0.121
Compliance Date Code: Bill of Materials Revision: Pb Free Category: e4

Bill of Materials	Parts Per Million (PPM)							
	Pb	Cd	Hg	Cr VI	PBB	PBDE		
Die	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Molding Compound	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Lead Frame	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Die Attach Epoxy	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Wire	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Solder Plating	0	0	0	0	0	0		

This RoHS banned material content declaration was prepared solely on information, including analytical data, provided to RFMD by its suppliers, and applies to the Bill of Materials (BOM) revision noted above.

^{*} DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

