			SCAS		
	<ul> <li>Operates at 3-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub></li> <li>Load Clock and Unload Clock Can Be</li> </ul>	DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)			
	Asynchronous or Coincident		56] <u>OE</u>		
	Low-Power Advanced CMOS Technology		56 ] O⊑ 55 ] Q17		
	Full, Empty, and Half-Full Flags	D16 3	54 Q16		
	Programmable Almost-Full/Almost-Empty	D15 [] 4	53 Q15		
	Flag	D14 🛛 5	52 🛛 GND		
	Fast Access Times of 18 ns With a 50-pF	D13 [ 6	51 🛛 Q14		
	Load and All Data Outputs Switching	D12 [] 7	50 V <sub>CC</sub>		
	Simultaneously	D11 [] 8	49 Q13		
	Data Rates From 0 to 40 MHz		48 Q12 47 Q11		
	3-State Outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> [ 10 D9 [ 11	47   Q11 46   Q10		
	Pin Compatible With SN74ACT7804	D8 112	45 Q9		
	Packaged in Shrink Small-Outline 300-mil	GND [] 13	44 GND		
	Package (DL) Using 25-mil Center-to-Center	D7 🚺 14	43 🛛 Q8		
	Spacing	D6 [ 15	42 ] Q7		
daa	orintian	D5 🛿 16	41 🛛 Q6		
ues	cription	D4 [] 17	40 Q5		
	A FIFO memory is a storage device that allows	D3 [ 18	39 V <sub>CC</sub>		
	data to be written into and read from its array at	D2 🛿 19 D1 🗍 20	38 ] Q4 37 ] Q3		
	independent data rates. The SN74ALVC7804 is	D0 21	36 Q2		
	an 18-bit FIFO with high speed and fast access times. Data is processed at rates up to 40 MHz	HF [ 22	35 GND		
	with access times of 18 ns in a bit-parallel format.	PEN [] 23	34 🛛 Q1		
	The SN74ALVC7804 is designed for 3-V to 3.6-V	AF/AE 🛛 24	33 🛛 Q0		
	V <sub>CC</sub> operation.	LDCK 25	32 UNCK		
	Dete is unitted into memory on a low to kick	NC 🛿 26	31 🛛 NC		

Data is written into memory on a low-to-high transition of the load clock (LDCK) and is read out on a low-to-high transition of the unload clock (UNCK). The memory is full when the number of

words clocked in exceeds the number of words clocked out by 512. When the memory is full, LDCK has no effect on the data residing in memory. When the memory is empty, UNCK has no effect.

NC 127

28

FULL

30 **I** NC

EMPTY

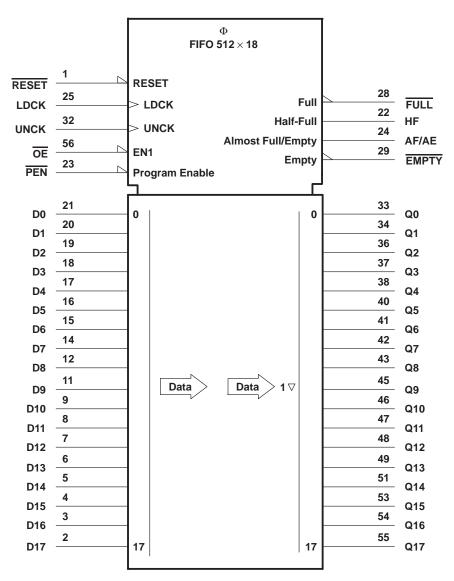
29

Status of the FIFO memory is monitored by the full (FULL), empty (EMPTY), half-full (HF), and almostfull/almost-empty (AF/AE) flags. The FULL output is low when the memory is full and high when the memory is not full. The EMPTY output is low when the memory is empty and high when it is not empty. The HF output is high whenever the FIFO contains 256 or more words and is low when it contains 255 or less words. The AF/AE status flag is a programmable flag. The first one or two low-to-high transitions of LDCK after reset are used to program the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y), if program enable (PEN) is low. The AF/AE flag is high when the FIFO contains X or less words or (512 minus Y) or more words. The AF/AE flag is low when the FIFO contains between (X plus 1) and (511 minus Y) words.

A low level on the reset (RESET) resets the internal stack pointers and sets FULL high, AF/AE high, HF low, and EMPTY low. The Q outputs are not reset to any specific logic level. The FIFO must be reset upon power up. The first word loaded into empty memory causes EMPTY to go high and the data to appear on the Q outputs. The data outputs are in the high-impedance state when the output-enable (OE) is high.

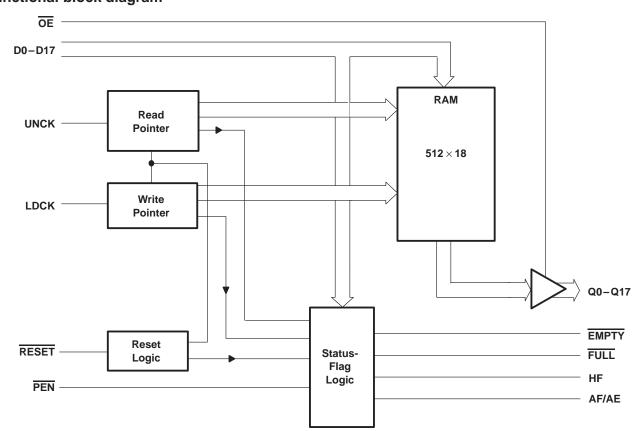
# SN74ALVC7804 512 × 18 FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY SCAS432 – JANUARY 1995

# logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.





# functional block diagram

# **Terminal Functions**

TE	TERMINAL		DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION					
AF/AE	24	0	Almost full/almost empty flag. Depth offset values can be programmed for AF/AE, or the default value of 64 can be used for both the almost empty offset (X) and the almost full offset (Y). AF/AE is high when memory contains X or less words or $(512 - Y)$ or more words. AF/AE is high after reset.					
D0-D17	21–14, 12–11, 9–2	I	18-bit data input port					
EMPTY	29	0	Empty flag. EMPTY is low when the FIFO is empty. A FIFO reset also causes EMPTY to go low.					
FULL	28	0	Full flag. FULL is low when the FIFO is full. A FIFO reset causes FULL to go high.					
HF	22	0	Half-full flag. HF is high when the FIFO memory contains 256 or more words. HF is low after reset.					
LDCK	25	I	Load clock. Data is written to the FIFO on the rising edge of LDCK when FULL is high.					
OE	56	I	Output enable. When $\overline{OE}$ is high, the data outputs are in the high-impedance state.					
PEN	23	I	Program enable. After reset and before the first word is written to the FIFO, the binary value on D0–D7 is latched as an AF/AE offset value when PEN is low and WRTCLK is high.					
Q0-Q17	33–34, 36–38, 40–43, 45–49, 51, 53–55	0	18-bit data output port					
RESET	1	I	Reset. A low level on $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ resets the FIFO and drives AF/AE and $\overline{\text{FULL}}$ high and HF and $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ low.					
UNCK	32	I	Unload clock. Data is read from the FIFO on the rising edge of UNCK when $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ is high.					



0 Don't Care С 1 n W2 ((Y+1)) (Y+2) ( D W1 н Т Е G F  $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$  $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$  $\overline{\ }$  $\overline{\ }$ 

Define the AF/AE Flag Using the Default Value of X and Y

Figure 1. Write, Read, and Flag Timing Reference

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4

RESET

PEN

LDCK

D0-D17

UNCK

OE

Q0-Q17

EMPTY

AF/AE

HF

FULL

DATA WORD NUMBERS FOR FLAG TRANSITIONS									
DEVICE				TRA	NSITION W	ORD			
DEVICE	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I
SN74ALVC7804	W256	W(512-Y)	W512	W257	W258	W(512-X)	W(513-X)	W511	W512

# offset values for AF/AE

The AF/AE flag has two programmable limits: the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). They can be programmed after the FIFO is reset and before the first word is written to memory. The AF/AE flag is high when the FIFO contains X or less words or (512 minus Y) or more words.

To program the offset values,  $\overline{PEN}$  can be brought low after reset. On the following low-to-high transition of LDCK, the binary value on D0–D7 is stored as the almost empty offset value (X) and the almost full offset value (Y). Holding  $\overline{PEN}$  low for another low-to-high transition of LDCK reprograms Y to the binary value on D0–D7 at the time of the second LDCK low-to-high transition. Writes to the FIFO memory are disabled while the offsets are programmed. A maximum value of 255 can be programmed for either X or Y (see Figure 2). To use the default values of X = Y = 64,  $\overline{PEN}$  must be held high.

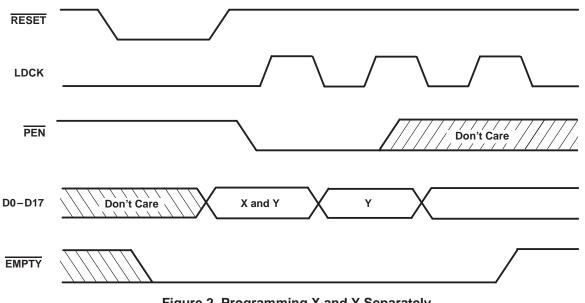


Figure 2. Programming X and Y Separately



# SN74ALVC7804 512 × 18 FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY SCAS432 – JANUARY 1995

# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ $-0.5 V \text{ to } 4.6 V$ Input voltage range, $V_I$ (see Note 1) $-0.5 V \text{ to } 4.6 V$ Output voltage range, $V_O$ (see Notes 1 and 2) $-0.5 V \text{ to } V_{CC} + 0.5 V$ Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ ) $-50 \text{ mA}$ Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0 \text{ or } V_O > V_{CC}$ ) $\pm 50 \text{ mA}$ Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$ ) $\pm 50 \text{ mA}$ Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND $\pm 100 \text{ mA}$ Voltage applied to a disabled 3-state output $3.6 V$ Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ $0^\circ$ C to $70^\circ$ CStorage temperature range $-65^\circ$ C to $150^\circ$ C

<sup>+</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output voltage ratings can be exceeded if the input and output clamp current ratings are observed.

2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.

#### ALVC7804-25 'ALVC7804-40 $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V UNIT MIN MAX MIN MAX V Vін High-level input voltage 2 2 Low-level input voltage 0.8 0.8 V VIL ٧ı V 0 Vcc 0 VCC V ٧o 0 0 Vcc Vcc High-level output current, VCC = 3 V-8 -8 mΑ ЮН Q outputs, Flags Low-level output current, 16 16 mΑ IOL VCC = 3 VQ outputs, Flags **Clock frequency** 40 25 MHz fclock D0-D17 high or low 8 12 8 LDCK high or low 12 Pulse duration UNCK high or low 8 12 ns tw PEN low 8 12 **RESET** low 10 12 D0-D17 before LDCK↑ 5 5 LDCK inactive before RESET high 6 6 Setup time ns t<sub>su</sub> PEN before LDCK1 8 8 D0-D17 after LDCK↑ 0 0 PEN high after LDCK low 0 0 Hold time ns th PEN low after LDCK↑ 3 3 LDCK inactive after RESET high 6 6 TA Operating free-air temperature 0 70 0 70 °C

# recommended operating conditions



# **SN74ALVC7804** 512 × 18 FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY SCAS432 – JANUARY 1995

### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CC	MIN TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
Val		$V_{CC} = MIN$ to MAX,	I <sub>OH</sub> = - 100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2		v
VOH	Flags, Q outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	I <sub>OH</sub> = - 8 mA	2.4		v
	Flags, Q outputs	$V_{CC} = MIN$ to MAX,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	0.2		V
VOL	Flags	$V_{CC} = 3 V,$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA			
	Q outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA			0.55	
Ц		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±5	μΑ
IOZ		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	V <sub>O</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±10	μΑ
Icc		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND and $I_O = 0$		40	μΑ
∆ICC§		$V_{CC} = 3.6 V$ , Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	One input at $V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V,		500	μΑ
Ci		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND	3		pF
Co		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	$V_{O} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$	6		pF

<sup>†</sup> For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

§ This is the supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0 V or V<sub>CC</sub>.

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)		7804-25 V ± 0.3 V	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>	LDCK or UNCK		40		25		MHz
<sup>t</sup> pd	LDCK↑	Any Q	9	22	9	24	ns
<sup>t</sup> pd	UNCK↑	Any Q	6	18	6	20	115
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LDCK↑		6	17	6	19	
<sup>t</sup> PHL	UNCK↑	EMPTY	6	17	6	19	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	RESET low		4	18	4	20	
<sup>t</sup> PHL	LDCK↑		6	17	6	19	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	UNCK↑	FULL	6	17	6	19	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH	RESET low		4	20	4	22	
<sup>t</sup> pd	LDCK↑		7	20	7	22	
<sup>t</sup> pd	UNCK↑	AF/AE	7	20	7	22	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH	RESET low		2	12	2	14	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LDCK↑		5	20	5	22	
<sup>t</sup> PHL	UNCK↑	HF	7	20	7	22	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	RESET low		3	14	3	16	
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	Any Q	2	10	2	11	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	UL		2	11	2	12	113

# operating characteristics, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = $25^{\circ}$ C

PARAMETER			TEST CON	ТҮР	UNIT	
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance per FIFO channel	Outputs enabled	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF,	f = 5 MHz	53	pF

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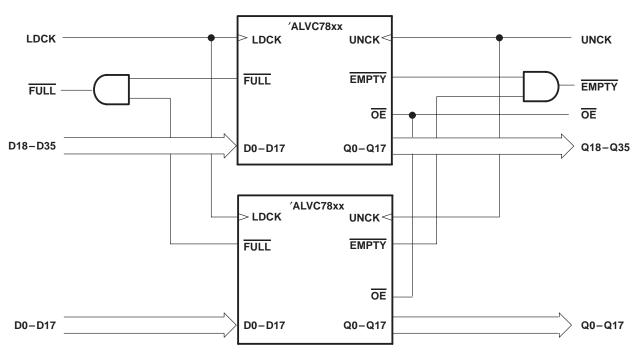


Figure 3. Word-Width Expansion: 512 imes 36 Bit



# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

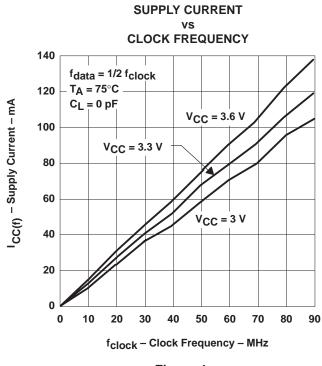


Figure 4

### calculating power dissipation

With  $I_{CC(f)}$  taken from Figure 4, the dynamic power ( $P_d$ ), based on all data outputs changing states on each read, can be calculated by using:

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{d}} = \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}} \times [\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}(\mathsf{f})} + (\mathsf{N} \times \Delta \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}} \times \mathsf{d}\mathsf{c})] + \Sigma(\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{L}} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}}^2 \times \mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{o}})$ 

A more accurate total power ( $P_T$ ) can be calculated if quiescent power (Pq) is also taken into consideration. Quiescent power ( $P_q$ ) can be calculated using:

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{q}} = \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}} \times [\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}\mathsf{I}} + (\mathsf{N} \times \Delta \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}} \times \mathsf{d}\mathsf{c})]$ 

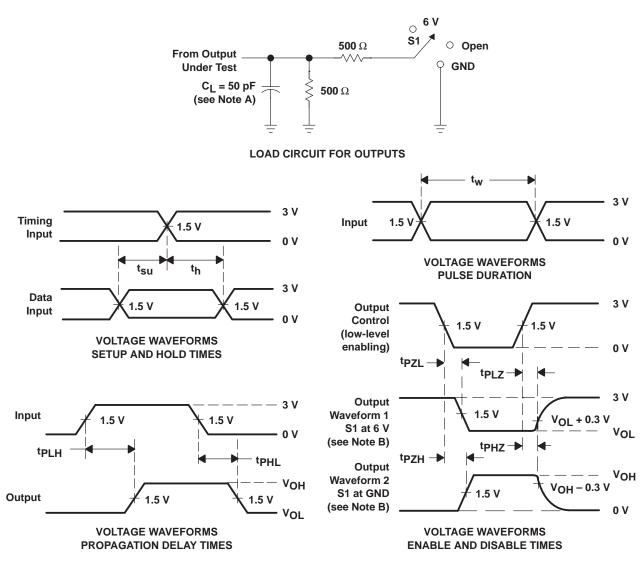
Total power will be:

The above equations provide worst-case power calculations.

Where:

Ν	= number of inputs driven by TTL levels
$\Delta I_{CC}$	= increase in power supply current for each input at a TTL high level
dc	= duty cycle of inputs at a TTL high level of 3.4 V
CL	<ul> <li>output capacitance load</li> </ul>
f <sub>o</sub>	<ul> <li>switching frequency of an output</li> </ul>
ICCI	= idle current, supply current when FIFO is idle $\approx$ pF $\times$ f <sub>clock</sub> = 0.2 $\times$ f <sub>clock</sub>
	(current is due to free-running clocks)
pF	<ul> <li>power factor (the slope of idle I<sub>CC</sub> versus frequency)</li> </ul>
I <sub>CC(f)</sub>	<ul> <li>active current, supply current when FIFO is transferring data</li> </ul>

# WWW.BUSICIE BALLSS WWW.BUSICIE BALLSS WWW.BUSICIE BALLSS MALLS CARD 2 M/T



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns.

3-STATE OUTPUTS (ANT Q)								
PARA	METER	R1, R2	cLt	S1				
ten	<sup>t</sup> PZH	500 Ω	50 pF	GND				
	tPZL	500 22	50 pr	6 V				
4	<sup>t</sup> PHZ	500 Ω	50 pF	GND				
<sup>t</sup> dis	<sup>t</sup> PLZ	500 22	50 pr	6 V				
<sup>t</sup> pd	tPLH/tPHL	500 Ω	50 pF	Open				

#### 3-STATE OUTPUTS (ANY Q)

<sup>†</sup> Includes probe and test-fixture capacitance

Figure 5. Standard CMOS Outputs (FULL, EMPTY, HF, AF/AE)



# PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN74ALVC7804-25DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN74ALVC7804-40DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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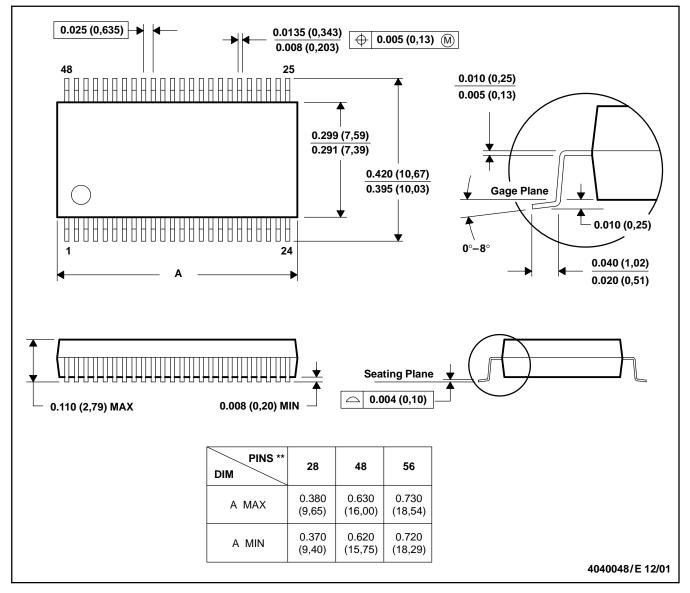
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# **MECHANICAL DATA**

MSSO001C - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 2001

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-118



# DL (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

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